## Lab 6 - Resonance

A spring oscillates with a natural frequency of  $\lambda/2\pi$ . If we drive the spring with a sinusoidal force  $C\sin(\omega t)$ , where  $\omega \neq \lambda$ , then the spring oscillates according to:

$$y(t) = \frac{C}{\lambda^2 - \omega^2} (\lambda \sin(\omega t) - \omega \sin(\lambda t))$$

1. Use L'Hopital's Rule to determine y(t) in the limit as  $\omega \to \lambda$ . Show your work.

2. Define the result of 1. as follows:

$$y_o(t) = \lim_{\omega \to \lambda} y(t)$$

(a) Is  $y_o(t)$  periodic? If so, give the period. If not, state how you know.

(b) Find the amplitude as  $t \to \infty$ .

3. Plot y(t) for C = 1,  $\lambda = 1$  and  $\omega = 0.5, 0.8, 0.9, 0.99$  and 0.999. How do the graphs change? Do they confirm your work in part 2.?